

# Salt in Dutchess Co. Waters

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Where are we now?

Compared to what?

Where are we headed?

Should we be worried?



**Cary Institute**  
of Ecosystem Studies

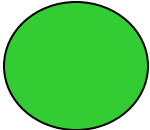
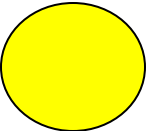
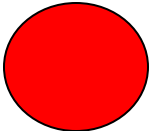
# Acknowledgements

- Fishkill Creek Watershed Comm. (R. Oestrike)
- Environmental Management Council (D. Burns, C. Klocker)
- Hudson River NERR (W.C. Nieder, S. Ciparis)
- Town of Clinton CAC (N. Coller)
- Vassar College (K. Menking et al.)
- Syracuse U. (D. Siegel, L. Jin)
- WRI – Cornell; COE - Syracuse

# Some Chloride Reference Points

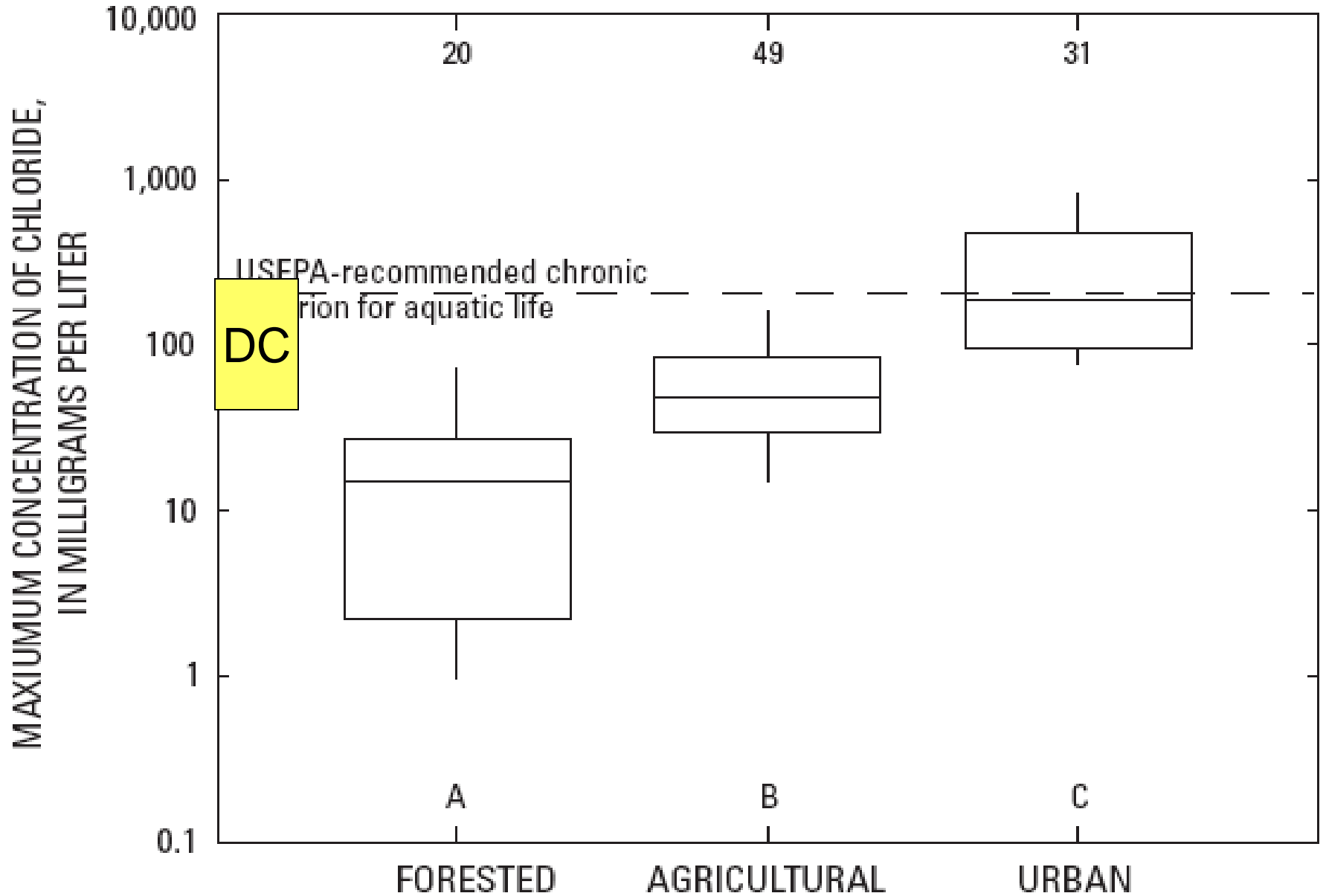
- Background - ~ 10 mg/L or less [Catskill Reservoirs]
- Sublethal – 50-100 mg/L Subtle yet Significant
  - Biotic Indices
  - Microbial processes
  - Associations
- EPA Chronic – 230 mg/L
- Drinking Water Std – 250 mg/L
- EPA Acute – 860 mg/L
- Lethal - 1000 or higher

# SIMPLER

- REFERENCE  $<10$  mg/L 
- ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS  $\sim 100$  mg/L 
- LETHAL  $> 1000$  mg/L 

DUTCHESS COUNTY WATERS  
80 mg/L (+/- 79 SD)

MAXIMUM MEASURED CHLORIDE IN SURFACE WATER,  $p = <0.0001$



# Chloride (mg/L)

Crum Elbow  
15-50

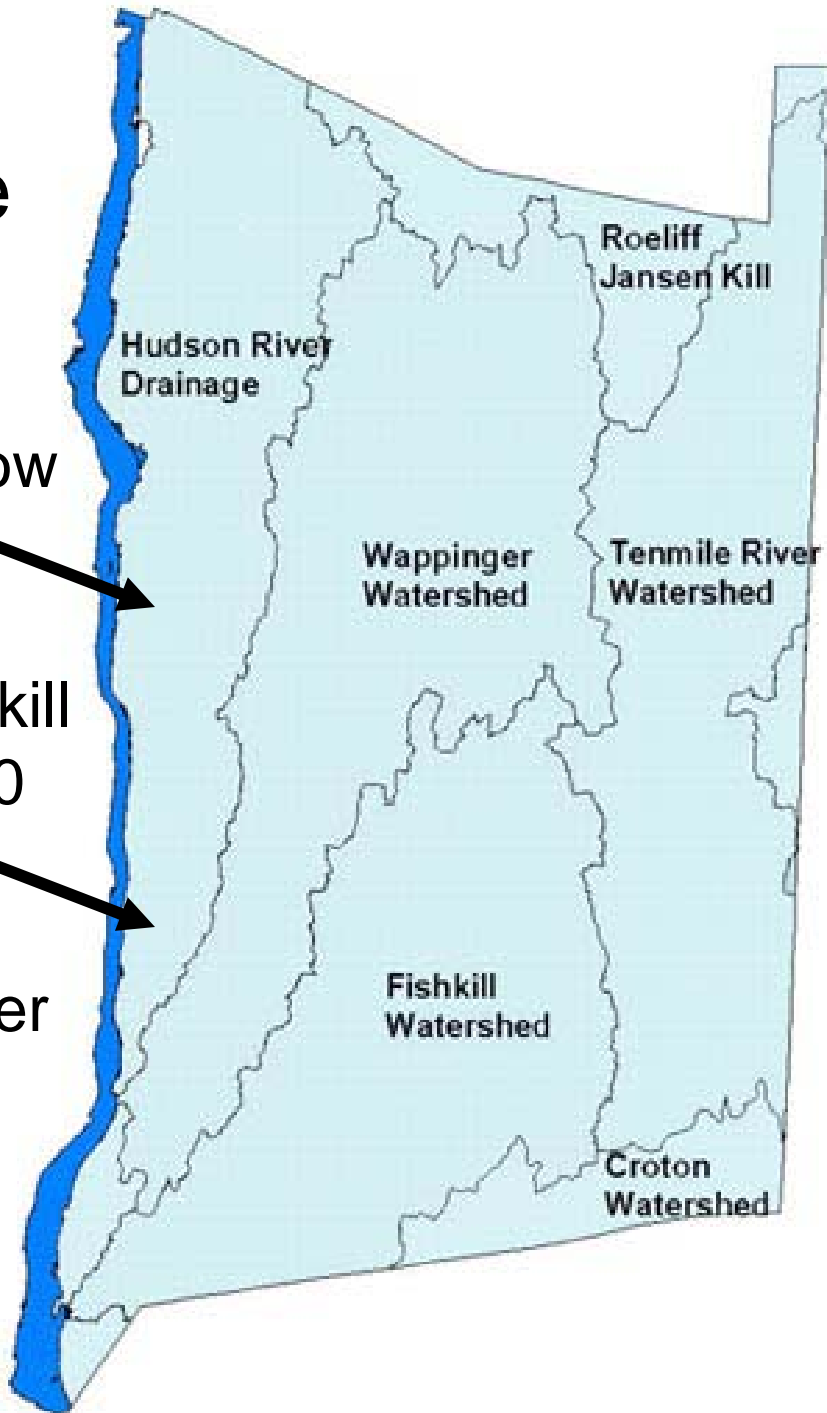


Casperkill  
100-300



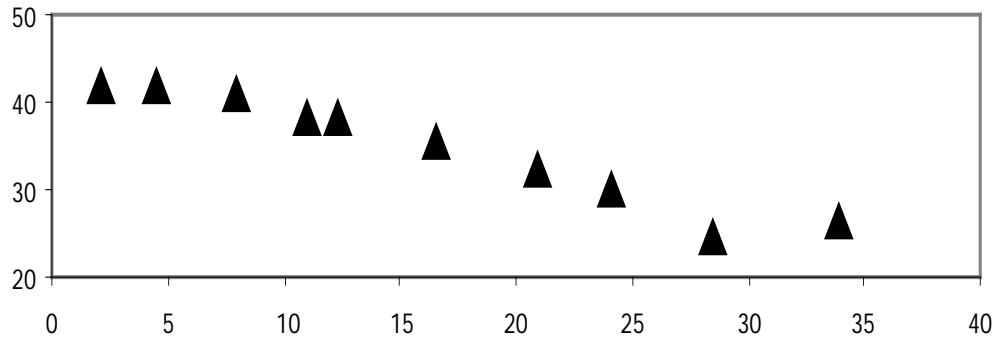
Wappinger  
10-45

Fishkill  
10-100

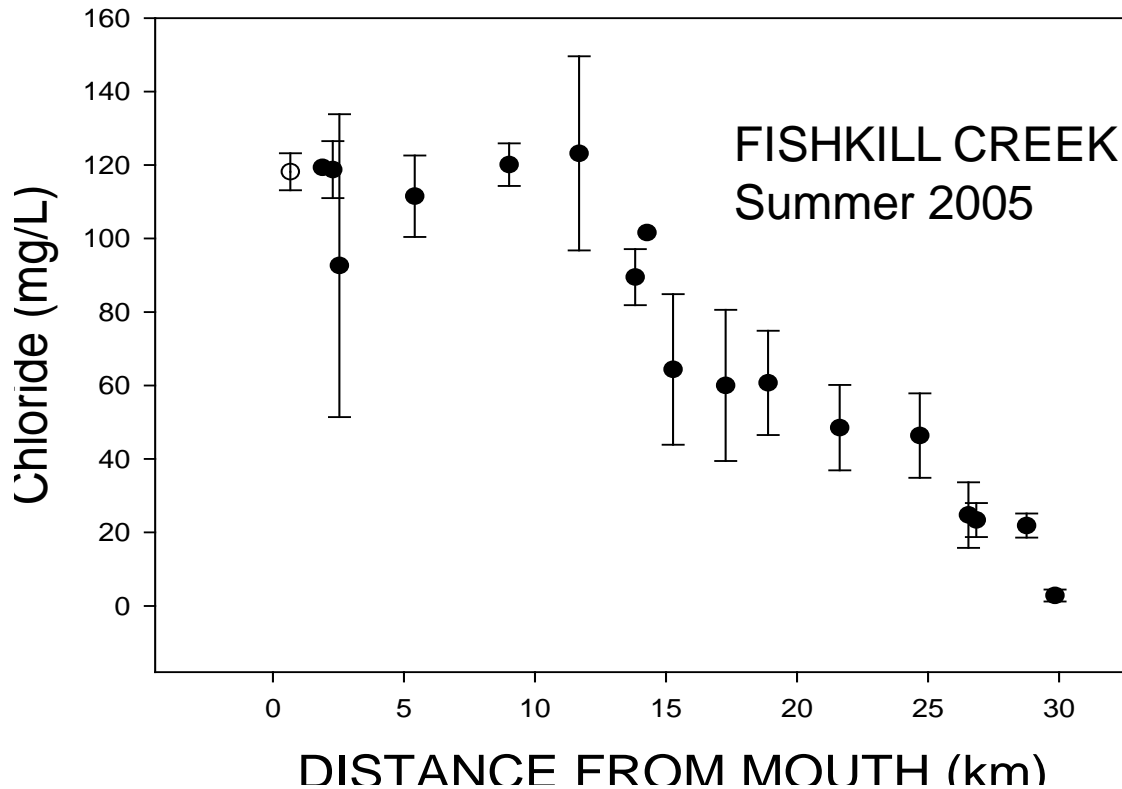
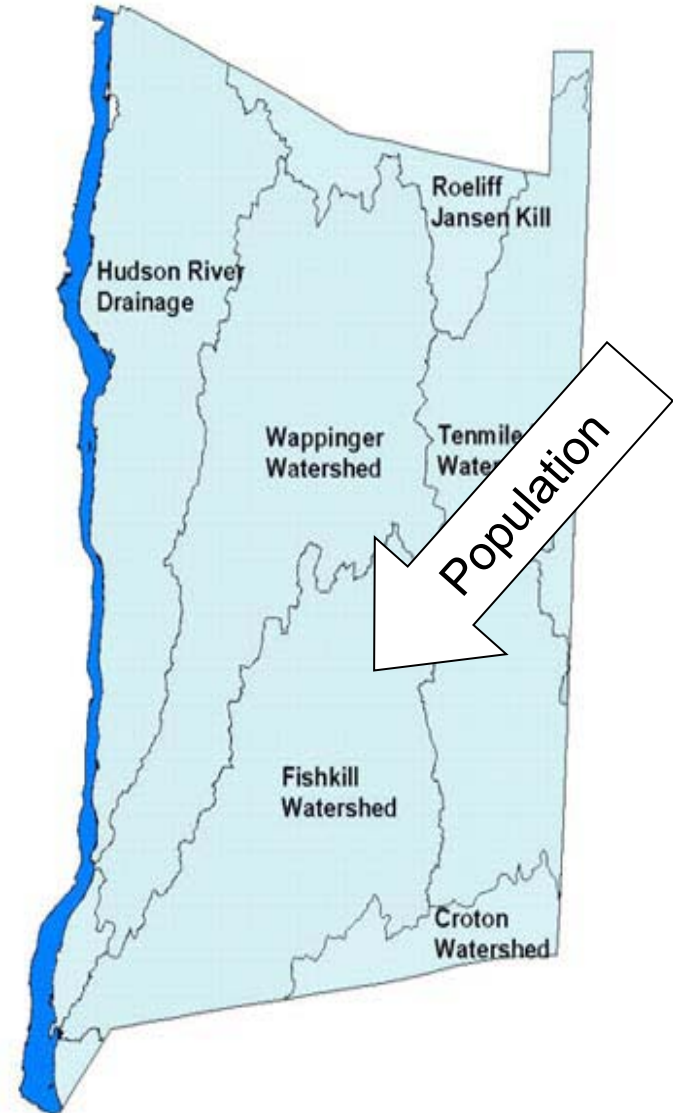


Ten Mile  
10-40

# WAPPINGER CREEK JULY 2006



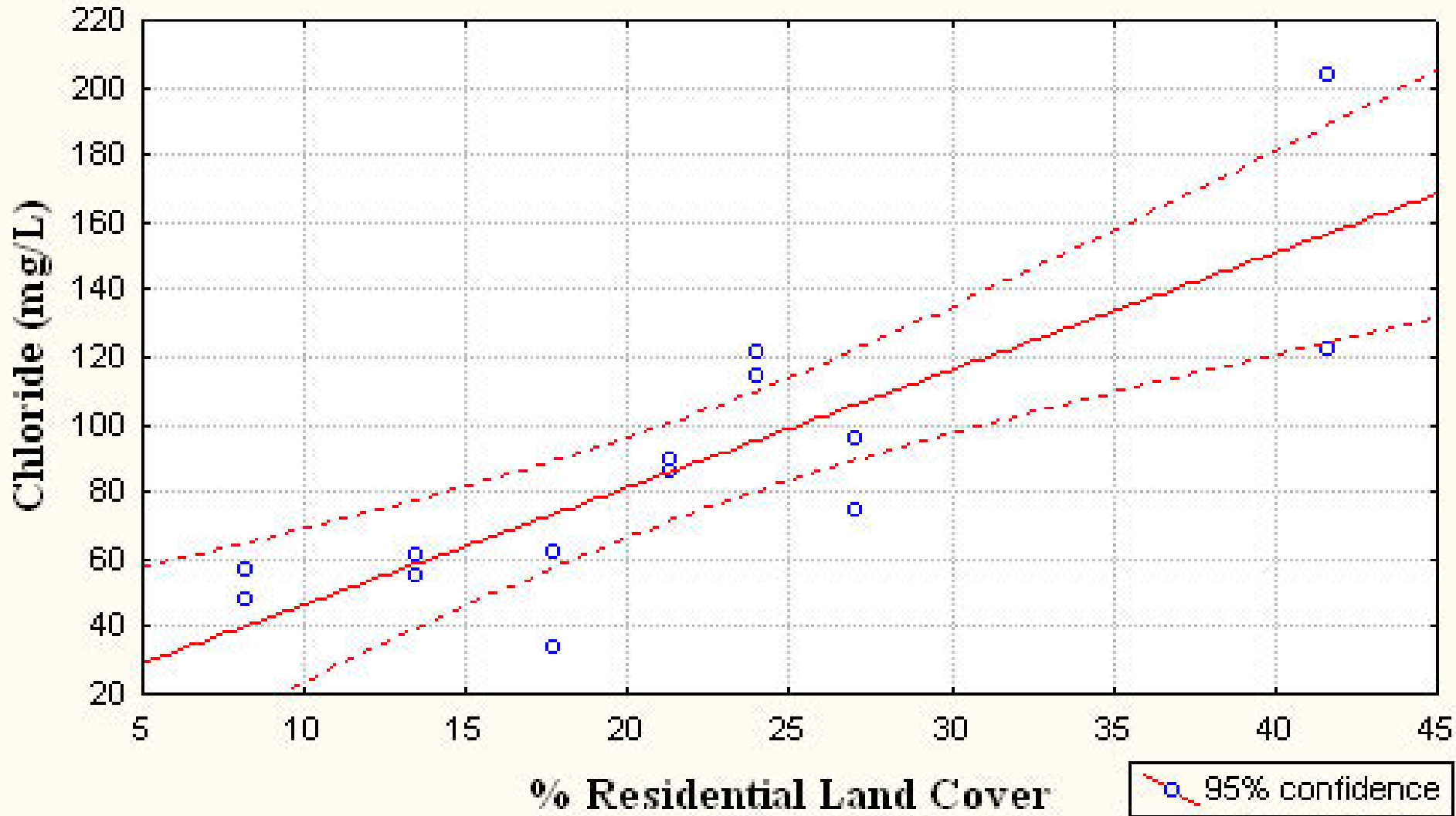
# Downstream Increases



# Residential Land Cover and Chloride (M. Essery)

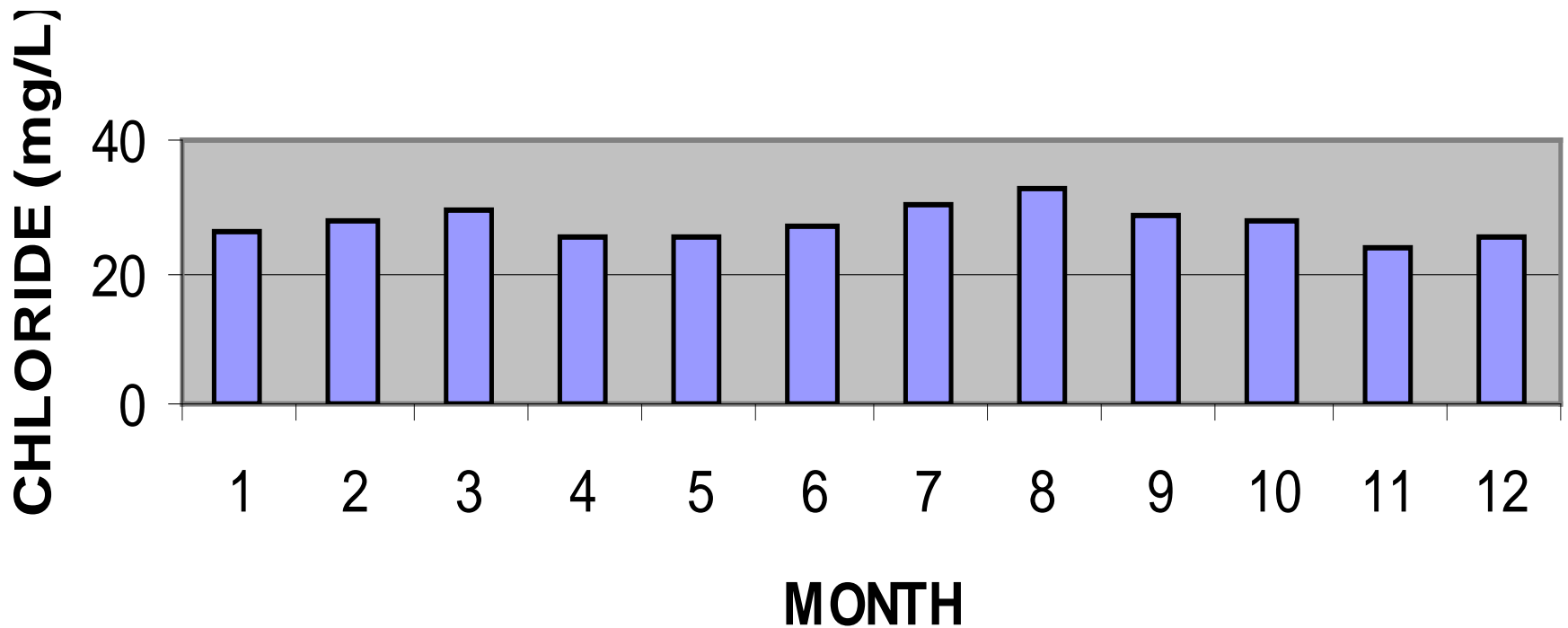
## Subwatersheds in the Fishklill Basin

$r^2 = .69$

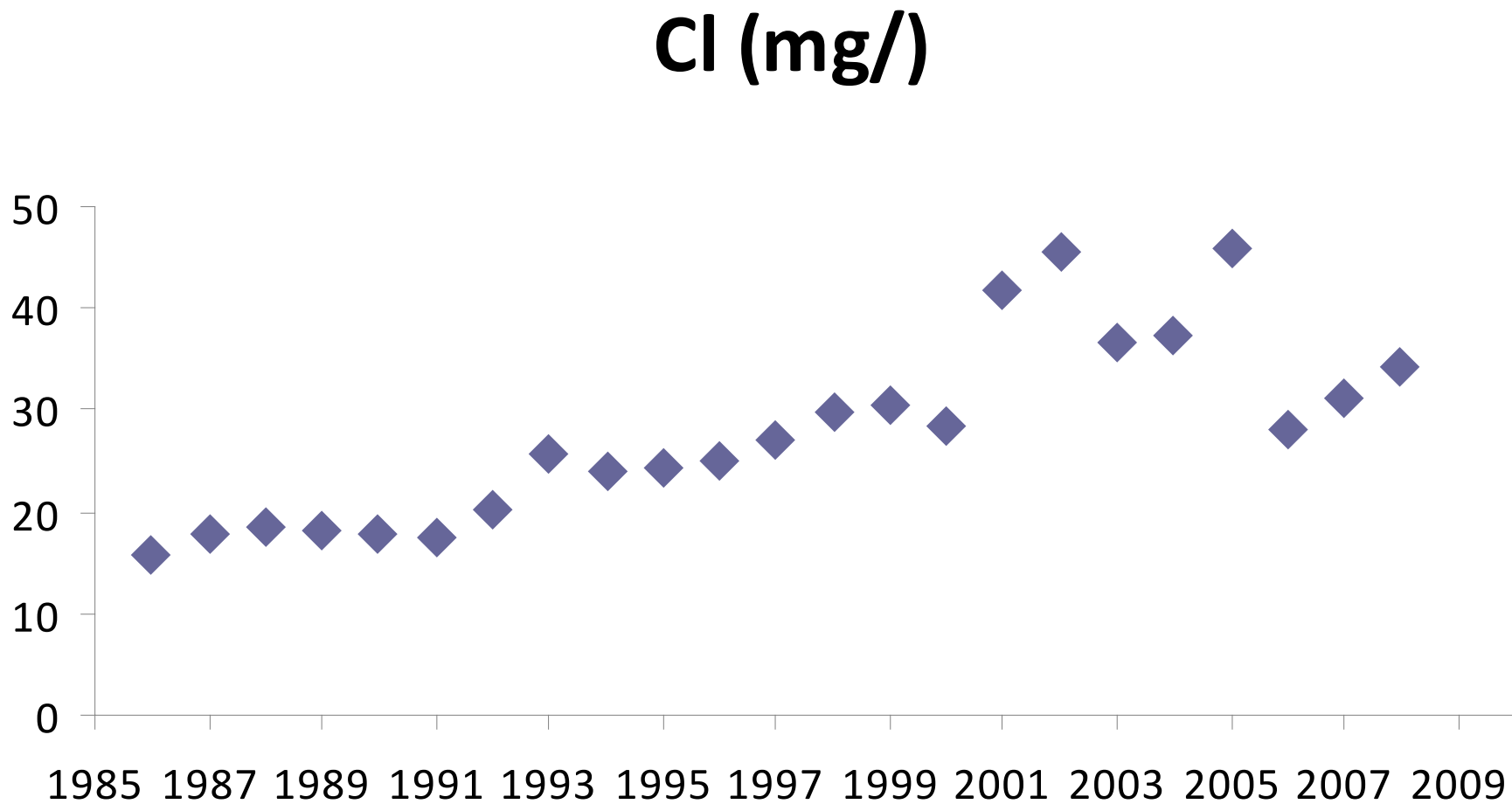


# No decline in summer concentrations

East Branch Wappinger  
Creek, Millbrook

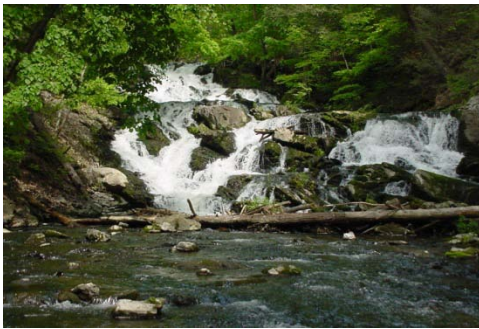


# Long-term increases in concentration East Branch of the Wappinger Creek

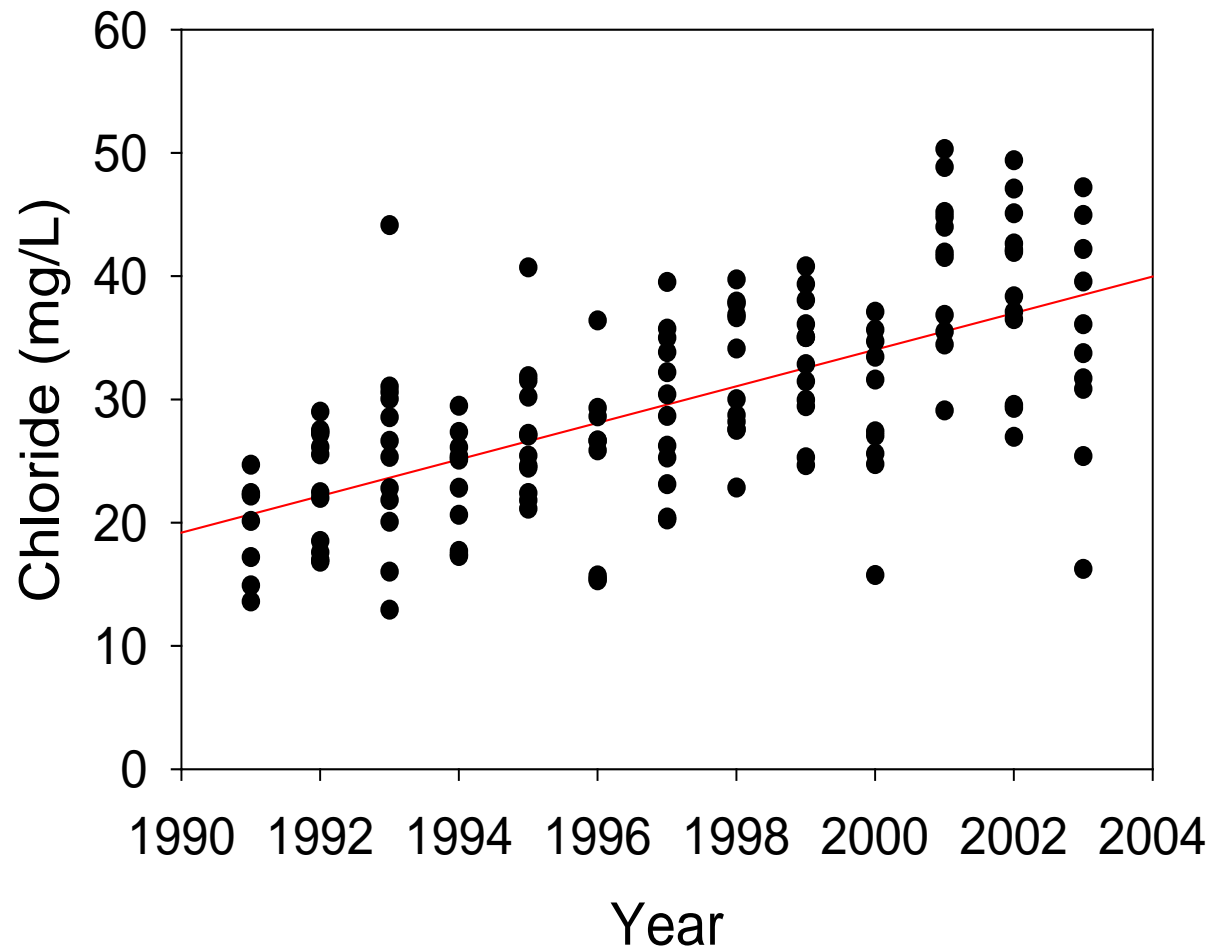


# Saw Kill Creek

## HRNERR



- **Low-density residential**
- **Yearly mean Cl<sup>-</sup> concentrations have doubled since 1991 (20 to 40 mg/L)**
- **Similar Cl<sup>-</sup> concentrations throughout year**

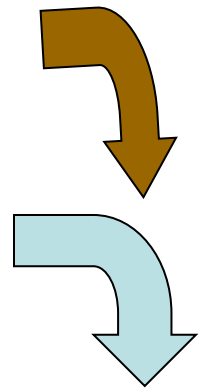
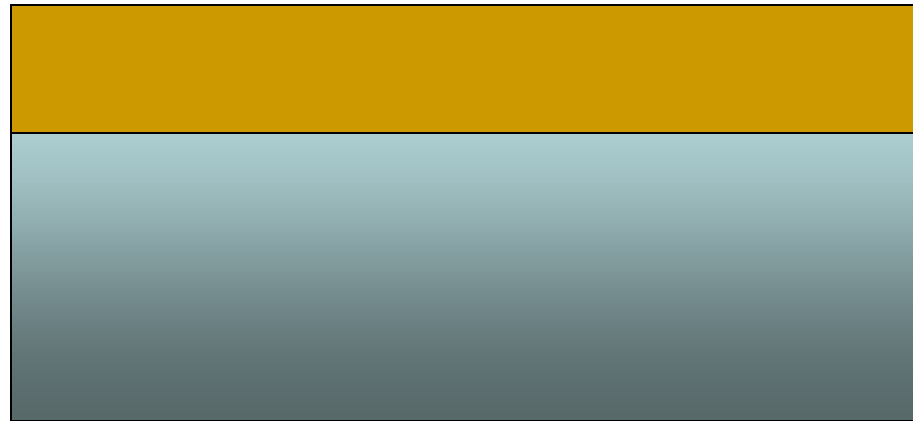


# All Patterns Suggest a Reservoir

- Road salt biggest source – others?



Soil Sorption or Groundwater?



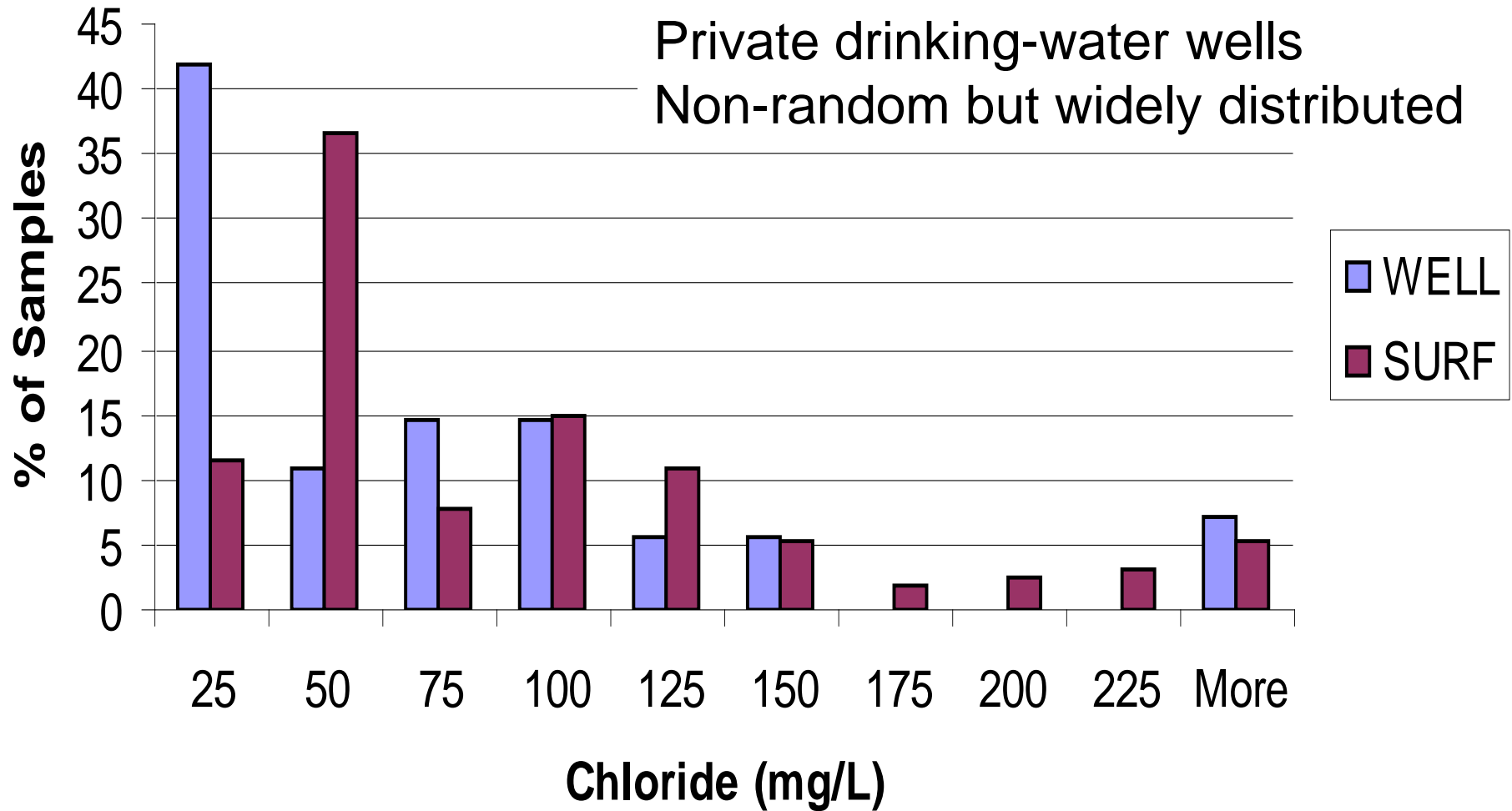
**STREAM**

# SOIL CORES HOLD CI LONGER THAN WATER



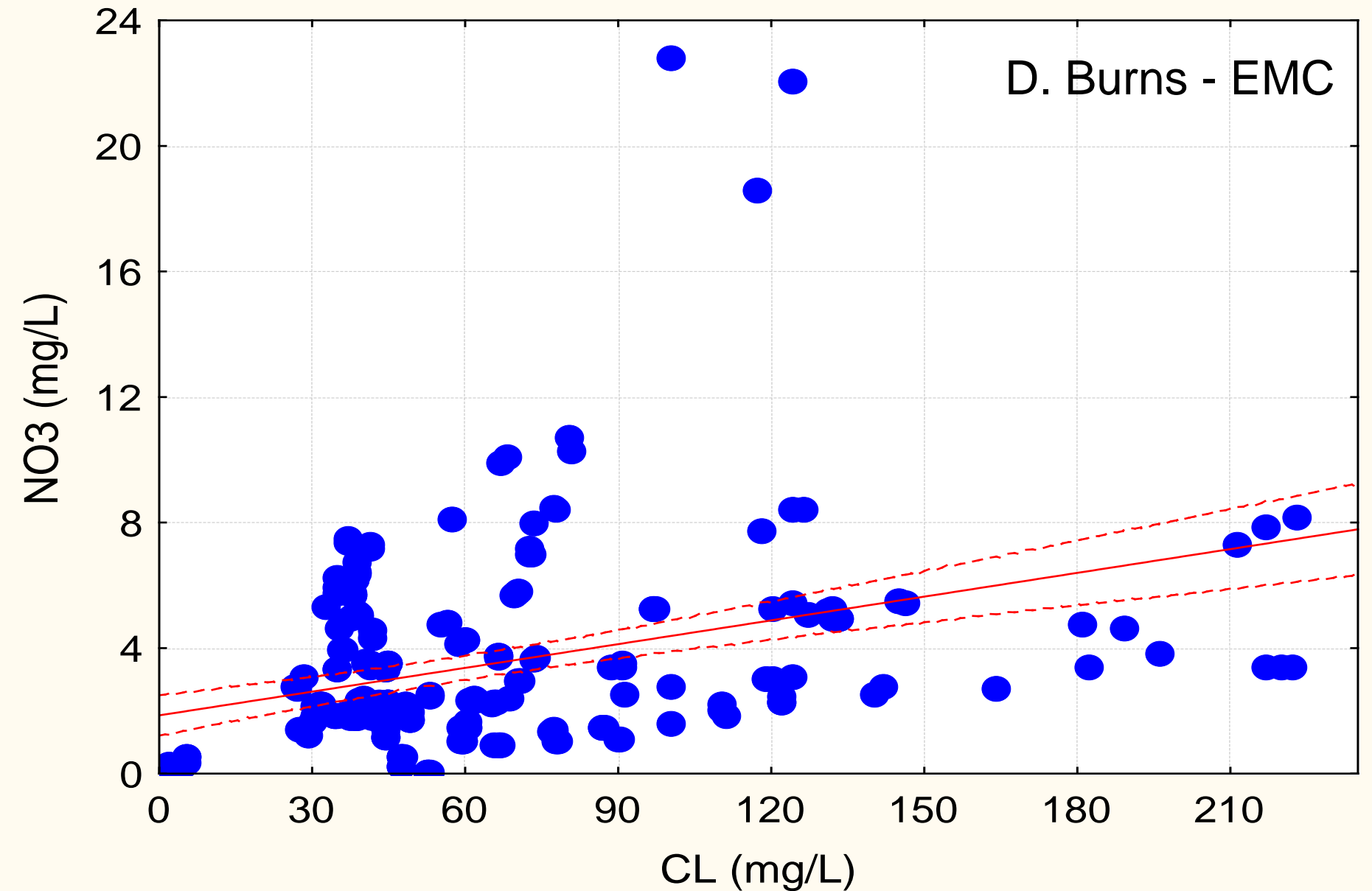
Kincaid and Findlay, 2009

# Groundwater ?



A few wells have Cl > surface water concentration –  
Could support high baseflow concentrations

# CHLORIDE IS NOT ALONE



# Should we be Worried?

- At the brink, trends are not encouraging
- Groundwater concentrations must be increasing
- What else is coming along?

# Scope for Action

- Reduced Salt is in Everyone's Interest
- Widespread Problem, Lots of Mental Horsepower
- Solutions may Require Capital

# What do we Need to Know?

## Today's Program

Environmental Effects – Not Huge Yet but Close?

Human Health Effects



Cost

- Direct (Salt is cheap, labor is not, use is high)
- Indirect (Corrosion, contamination)

Solution?