Marshes & Climate Change

The Hudson River estuary is home to a globally unique ecosystem, the **freshwater tidal marsh**. Found only upstream of the salt front, these parts of the Hudson still experience two daily tides, but they are fresh water. You are going to be studying Tivoli Bays (at the star on the watershed map), which is a marsh near the village of Red Hook in Dutchess County, NY. The marsh consists of two bays, which are separated from the main part of the Hudson River by the railroad. Since this railroad has some bridges which allow water in and out, the marsh has developed a network of pools and creeks that are tidal.

There are three major ecosystem “zones” within Tivoli Bays marsh. Each amounts of water, and different plants can live. For example, plants that live underwater like water celery cannot live in the higher parts of the marsh because they cannot survive periods of time.

The three main zones are called: submerged aquatic vegetation (SV), broadleaf vegetation (BV), and graminoid vegetation (GV). **Label each vegetation type on the picture at the left.**

In the lowest zone (submerged), you will find plants such as water celery and water milfoil. These plants are always underneath the water. In the middle zone (broadleaf), you will find plants like spatterdock and pickerelweed, which have their roots under the water for part of the day, and above the water at other times, depending on the tides. The tallest vegetation includes common reed and cattails (graminoid). These plants are never covered with water, and they will die if they are put underwater.

As a result of climate change, scientists expect sea levels around the world to continue to rise. There are several reasons for this, including the thermal expansion of water as it warms, melting land-based...
glaciers, and subsistence of land masses. Because the Hudson River is connected to the ocean through its estuary, water levels are expected to rise in the river as well.

1. Look at the graph at right.
   a. Describe the graph.

   
   
   
   
   

   b. Based on what you know about climate change, why do you think the sea level has been rising at New York City over the last 100 years?

   

2. Based on what you know about freshwater tidal wetlands and the Hudson River, complete the prediction & explanation columns of this chart.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Prediction</th>
<th>Explanation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Over the next 70 years, will global sea levels     | □ Increase?  
□ Decrease? |             |
| Over the next 70 years, will water levels in the Hudson River | □ Increase?  
□ Decrease? |             |
| In 70 years, what will happen to the plant community in Hudson River wetlands? |             |             |